

[Biblical Hebrew Poetry and Word Play](#)

Reconstructing the Original Oral, Aural and Visual Experience

By David Steinberg

David.Steinberg@houseofdavid.ca

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Words Ending in Doubled Consonants with the Loss of Case Endings¹

(See [Tequ http://www.houseofdavid.ca/anc_heb_tegu.htm#gem](http://www.houseofdavid.ca/anc_heb_tegu.htm#gem))

	<u>TH</u>	<u>EBHP</u> * <u>EBHP</u> ² * <u>EBHP</u> ³ (c. 850-550 BCE)	<u>EBHP</u> with suffix i.e. immediately followed by vowel	<i>Meaning</i>
<i>Prepositions</i>	אתו - אַתְּ	<u>/itt/</u> [ˈitt]	/it'tô/ [it'to:]	with, with him
	עמי - עַמִּי	<u>/imm/</u> [ˈimm]	/im'mî/ [im'mi:]	with, with me
	הנו - הֵן	<u>/hinn/</u> [ˈhinn]	/hin'nô/ [hin'no:]	behold or equivalent to quotation mark
<i>Adverbs</i>	אי - אִי	<u>/ay(y)/</u> [ˈeyy]? [ˈey]??	/ay'yô/ [ey'yo:]	where, where is he
	לבדו - לְבַדְּ	<u>/a'badd/</u> [le'bedd]	/abad'dô/	alone, himself alone
	רק	<u>/raqq/</u> [rek'kʰ]	not found	only
	שם	<u>/šamm/</u> [ˈšemm]	not found	there
<i>Nouns/Adjectives</i>	אפו - אָף	<u>/app/</u> [ˈapp]	/ap'pô/	nose, his nose
	בזוה - בָּזָה	<u>/bazz/</u> [ˈbezz]	/baz'zah/	plunder, her plunder

	<u>TH</u>	<u>EBHP</u> */EBHP ² * <u>[EBHP]</u> ³ (c. 850-550 BCE)	<u>EBHP</u> with suffix i.e. immediately followed by vowel	<i>Meaning</i>
- qall	בתִּי - בַת	/'bint/ > <u>/'bitt/</u> ['bitt]	/bit'tī/	daughter, my daughter
	גַּנִּי - גֶּן	<u>/'gann/</u>	/gan'nī/	garden, my garden
	דַּלִּים - דָּל	<u>/'dall/</u>	/dal'līm/	thin, poor (sing, pl)
	הַרִּים - הַר	<u>/'harr/</u>	/har'rīm/ n.b. <u>geminated</u> r	mountain, mountains
	חַיִּים - חַי	<u>/'hayy/</u>	/ḥay'yīm/	living (adj. sing, pl)
	חַמִּים - חָם	<u>/'hamm/</u>	/ḥam'mīm/	hot (adj. sing, pl)
	יָמִים - יָם	<u>/'yamm/</u>	/yam'mīm/	sea (sing, pl)
	כַּפּוֹ - כַּף	<u>/'kapp/</u>	/kap'pô/	palm of hand, the palm of his hand
	מַרִּים - מַר	<u>/'marr/</u>	/mar'rīm/ n.b. geminated r	bitter (adj. masc.sing, pl)
	עָזִים - עֵז	<u>/'azz/</u>	/ʕaz'zīm/	strong (adj. sing, pl)
	עֵינָה byform עֵי	<u>/'ayy/</u>	/ʕay'yâ/	place of desolation
	עַמִּים - עַם	<u>/'amm/</u>	/ʕam'mīm/	a people (sing, pl)
	פַּחִים - פֶּח	<u>/'pahh/</u>	/pah'ḥīm/ n.b. geminated ḥ	bird snare (sing, pl)
	פַּרָה - פֶּר	<u>/'parr/</u>	/par'râ/ n.b. geminated r	bull, heifer
	צָרָה - צָר	<u>/'sarr/</u>	/sar'râ/ n.b. geminated r	narrow (adj. masc., fem sing.)
	קָלִים - קָל	<u>/'qall/</u>	/qal'līm/	light (adj. masc., fem sing.)
	קָשׁוֹ - קֶש	<u>/'qašš/</u>	*/qaš'sô/	straw, his straw
	רַבָּה - רַב	<u>/'rabb/</u>	/rab'bâ/	many (adj. masc., fem sing.)
רַכָּה - רַךְ	<u>/'rakk/</u>	/rak'kâ/	soft (adj. masc., fem sing.)	
רַעָה - רַע	<u>/'racc/</u>	/ra'câ/ n.b. geminated c	evil (adj. masc., fem sing.)	

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	רקות - רק	<u>/raqq/</u>	/raq'qōt/	thin (adj. fpl.)
	שרים - שר	<u>/šarr/</u>	/šar'rīm/	high official, commander of army (ms.). n.b. geminated <i>r</i> .
	תני - תו	<u>/taww/</u>	/taw'wī/	mark, name of letter, my mark
	תמים - תם	<u>/tamm/</u>	/tam'mīm/	perfect (adj. ms.)
<i>qill</i>	איים - אי	<u>/iyy/</u> [i'yy]	/iy'yīm/	island(s)
	אמו - אם	<u>/imm/</u>	/im'mō/	mother, his mother
	גזים - גז	<u>/gizz/</u>	*/giz'zīm/	fleece(s)
	גתות - גת	<u>/gintu/</u> > <u>/gitt/</u>	/git'tōt/	press
	חנו - חן	<u>/hinn/</u>	/hin'nō/	grace, his grace
	לבי - לב	<u>/libb/</u>	/lib'bī/	heart, my heart
	צים pl. - צי and ציים	<u>/siyy/</u>	/siy'yīm/	ship(s)
	צל - צל	<u>/šill/</u>	/šil'lō/	shadow, his shadow
	קני - קן	<u>/qinn/</u>	/qin'nī/	nest, my nest
	קצו - קץ	<u>/qiss/</u>	/qis'šō/	edge, his edge
	שנים dual - שן	<u>/šinn/</u>	/šin'naym/	tooth, teeth
	ששים - שש	<u>/šišš/</u>	/šiš'šīm/	six, sixty
<i>qull</i>	חמו* - חם	<u>/hummm/</u> [hūmm]	*/hum'mō/	heat (corresponding to adj. <u>hamm</u> = "hot"), his heat
	חקיו - חק	<u>/huqq/</u>	/huq'qâw/	law, his laws
	חרים - חר	<u>/hurr/</u>	/hur'rīm/ n.b. geminated <i>r</i>	hole(s)
	חרים - חר	<u>/hurr/</u>	/hur'rīm/ n.b. geminated <i>r</i>	free man, noble
	כחי - כח	<u>/kubb/</u>	/kub'hī/	power, my power

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			n.b. geminated <i>ḥ</i>	
	כלו - כל כול	<u>/'kull/</u>	/kul'lo/	all, all of it (m. s.)
	עזו - עז	<u>/'uzz/</u>	/'uz'zō/	strength (corresponding to adj. <u>azz</u> = "strong"), his strength
	רבך - רב	<u>/'rubb/</u>	/rub'bik/	multitude (corresponding to adj. <i>rabb</i> = "many"), your (f.s.) multitude
	רכו* - רך	<u>/'rukk/</u>	*/ruk'kō/	tenderness (corresponding to adj. <u>rakk</u> = "soft"), his tenderness
	רעי* - רע	<u>/'rucc/</u>	/ru'cē/ n.b. geminated <i>c</i>	wickedness (corresponding to adj. <u>ra^c</u> = "evil"), my evil
	תמי - תם	<u>/'tumm/</u>	/tum'mī/	perfection, completion (corresponding to adj. <u>tamm</u> = "evil"), my completion
	תפם - תף	<u>/'tupp/</u>	/tup'pīm/	tambor(s)
<i>Others</i>	ברזל	<u>/'barzil(l)/</u> ⁴		iron
	שבת	<u>/'šab'bat(t)/</u> ⁵	/šabbat'tōt/	sabbath(s)

See also

[*Words Significantly Different in Pronunciation in Pre-Exilic Hebrew*](#)

[*Numerals in Pre-Exilic Hebrew*](#)

[*The History of Some Word Forms in Hebrew*](#)

¹ For a number of forms I have drawn on [Beyer 1969](#).

² See [Phones and Phonemes](#) -

http://www.houseofdavid.ca/anc_heb_6.htm#phone_phonym..

³ Note, in reconstructed [EBHP] transliterations and sound files -

1. there is no [spirantization of the bgdkpt consonants](#) -

http://www.houseofdavid.ca/anc_heb_tequ.htm#bgdpt;

2. [vowel qualities are outlined here](#) - http://www.houseofdavid.ca/anc_heb_6.htm#ebhp_vow_qual;

3. I use the most probable form. Where no one form stands out as most probable, I select the one closest to the MT vocalization.

4. when multiple forms are possible, the form used is underlined.

⁴ Final consonant originally geminated according to [Richter](#).

⁵ Final consonant originally geminated according to [Richter](#).