mysteries of the new Constitution, and its innumerable devices to keep India under a perpetual mortgage to the British, there is no need to show undue haste in solving any particular difficulty. Nor are they too anxious to demonstrate the implications of the Federation, as they have devised it, lest the Indian people of all classes and ranks should combine completely and irretrievably to repudiate it. It is possible that fate awaits the Federation. But, if so, there will be no transfer of even a nominal Responsibility at the Central Government of India; and, until the Indian people have convinced the British Imperialists that India can no longer remain in tutelage, she must continue to be the Cinderella of the British Commonwealth of autonomous Nations.

less the British Parliament, and not seem to have realised the political rights of the people in the Indian States. Hence a new source of division has come imp

peng, wan possionales of manie usings to the hoped such an organisation as the Indian National "Congress will be the land of t

Finally, the people in British India seem to be any thing but enfatuated with the notion of an Indian Federation, particularly, of this brand presented to them. They are however, occupied toe closely, for the moment, with the funnediate problem of making Provin-

and living to be able to attend to the wider problem of the political unity of British India and the States. To the British Imperial Government this is all to the good.

long as they are unable to appreciate fully the

APPENDIX I

Table of Seats

The Council of State and the Federal Assembly.

Representatives of Indian States.

	1.	2. Number of seats	3. XI vojaviO	4. Number of seats in the	5.
States and Groups of States.		in Council of State	States and Groups of States.	Federal As- sembly.	Popula- tion.
	ni -		Division I.		150.85%
Hyderabad	2		Hyderabad	16	14,436,148
		7: 1 mm	Division II.		
Mysore		3	Mysore	7	6,557,302
		. augus	Division III.		
Kashmir	i for	3 11	Kashmir	4	3,646,243
		. 1	Division IV.		
Gwalior			Gwalior		3,523,070
		dregdi	Division V.	drag	15. Partab
Baroda		3	Baroda	. 3	2,443,007
			Division VI.		
Kalat		2	Kalat	1	342,101
			DIVISION VII.		17 fadore
Sikkim		1	Sikkim		109,808
			DIVISION VIII.		orthus
 Rampur Benares 			1. Rampur		465,225 391,272

devices 1	2.	3.	4. Number	5.
States and Groups of States	Number of seats in Council of State	States and Groups of States.	of seats in the Federal As- sembly	Popula- tion.
retrievaliladius	Dry	VISION IX.	osible	hat fate
У Тископосто	9	1. Travancore	5	5,095,973
1. Travancore 2. Cochin	-	2. Cochin	1	1,205,016
3. Pudukkottai	2010121	3. Pudukkottai.	7 1121	400,694
Banganapalle	1 4	Banganapalle	> 1	39,218
Sandur	I loo I	Sandur	Ja18 11	13,583
	Dr	VISION X.	e mast	
T. Hainun	. 2	1. Udaipur	2	1,566,910
1. Udaipur	0	2. Jaipur	3	2,631,775
2. Jaipur	0	3. Jodhpur		2,125,982
o. boampar	0	4. Bikaner	4	936,218
C	7	5. Alwar		749,751
5. Alwar 6. Kotah	1	6. Kotah	-	685,804
7. Bharatpur	747	7. Bharatpur	4	486,954
8. Tonk	4	8. Tonk	- 4	317,360
9. Dholpur	7	9. Dholpur)	254,986
10. Karauli	7	Karauli	7 1	140,525
11. Bundi	1	10. Bundi	1	216,722
12. Sirohi	4	Sirohi	7 1	216,528
13. Dungarpur		11. Dungarpur	1	227,544
14. Banswara	4	Banswara	7 1	260,670
15. Partabgarh	7	12. Partabgarh	1	76,539
Jhalawar	1 7	Jhalawar	. > 1	107,890
Shahpura		Shahpura		54,233
16. Jaisalmer	7	13. Jaisalmer	. 1	76,255
Kishengarh	(Kishengarh	} 1	85,744
	Div	ISION XI.		Kalat
1. Indore	2	1. Indore	. 2	1,325,089
2. Bhopal	. 0	2. Bhopal		729,955
3. Rewa		3. Rewa		1,587,445
4. Datia	7	4. Datia	.)	158,834
5. Orchha	TITLE	Orchha	7	314,661
6. Dhar	1	5. Dhar	. 1	243,430
7. Dewas (Senior)	-	Dewas (Senr)	1.	83,321
Dewas (Junior)		Dewas (Jr.)	1	70,513
		, ,	1	

States and Groups of States.		Number of seats in Council of State	States and Groups of States.	4. Number of seats in the Federal Assembly	Popula- tion.	
_			Dr	VISION XI—cont.		
8.	Jaora		7 - 1	6. Jaora	1	100,160
	Ratlam		} 1	Ratlam	}	107,321
9.	Panna		2	7. Panna	3. 1,000	
	Samthar			Samthar	> 1	33,307
	Ajaigarh			Ajaigarh		85,89
	Bijawar		3	8. Bijawar	3	115,852
	Charkhari			Charkhari	} 1	120,35
	Chhatarpur			Chhatarpur	1	161,267
	Baoni		3	0 Dooni	,	19,13
	Nagod			Nagod)	74,589
	Maihar		> 1	Maihar	1	68,99
	Baraundha			Baraundha	1	16,07
	Barwani		1	10. Barwani	3	141,110
	Ali Rajpur			Ali Dainus	} 1	101,96
	Shahpura		-	Shahpura	3	54,23
13.	Jhabua		-	11. Jhabua)	145,522
	Sailana			Sailana	1 1	35,22
	Sitamau			Sitamau		28,42
14.	Rajgarh		3	12. Rajgarh	3	134,89
	Narsingarh		> 1	Narsingarh	1	113,873
	Khilchipur			Khilchipur		45,58
			Div	VISION XII.	liba	
	Cutch		1	1. Cutch	1	514,30
	Idar		1	2. Idar	1	262,660
3.	Nawanagar		1	3. Nawanagar	1 ibn	409,19
	Bhavnagar		1.8	4. Bhavnagar	(1)ins	500,27
5.	Junagadh		100	5. Junagadh	(1)	545,15
6.	Rajpipla		D.bowbi	6. Rajpipla	} 1	
	Palanpur		} 1	Palanpur	}	
7.	Dhrangadhra			7. Dhrangadhra	1	88,96
	Gondal		} 1		} Toole	205,840
8.	Porbandar		7	8. Porbandar)	115,67
	Morvi			Morvi		113,023
9.	Radhanpur		1	9. Radhanpur	1	70,530
	Wankaner		> 1	Wankaner	1	44,259
	Palitana			Palitana		62,150

	db	2.	.8 3.	4. Number	5.
States and Groups of States.		Number of seats in Council of State.	States and Groups of States	of seats in the Federal As- sembly.	Popula- tion.
		Div	ISION XII—cont.		
	Cambay .	. 1	10. Cambay)	87,761
	Dharampur .	} 1	Dharampur	> 1	112,031
11.	Dani-	::{	Balasinor	3	52,525 $159,429$
	Chhota	11- 4	Chhota		0. Bijawar
	0	} 1	0 1		144,640
	Tunamada	- Tudan	T 1		83,531 95,162
12.	Danada		12. Bansda	15	48,839
	C-1:-	} 1	Sachin		22,107
	Tourbon	ndbn	Jawhar	l. I ad	57,261
	Danta	J. 1 lm	Danta	> 1	26,196
13.			Dhrol	1 10	27,639
		} 1	Limbdi	1 8	40,088
			Wadhwan		42,602
	Rajkot		Rajkot)	75,540
		734	ISION XIII.		
1.	Kolhapur .	2	1. Kolhapur	1 100	957,137
2.	Sangli	} 1	2. Sangli	} 1	258,442
and the		5	Savantvadi	3 1	230,589
3.	Janjira		3. Janjira		110,379
	Dl	} 1	Mudhol	} 1	62,832
4	Bhor Jamkhandi .	\	Bhor 4. Jamkhandi	3	141,546 $114,270$
20.	34 (0 .)	agar	Miraj (Sr.)		93,938
	Marine ! (Tourstown)	the	Miraj (Jr.)		40,684
	Kurundwad		Kurundwad	> 1	44,204
	(Senior)		(Senior)		seo Entanpu
		Сапібаці	Kurundwad	ding .	39,583
5	(Junior) Akalkot	1	(Junior) 5. Akalkot	3	09 60=
	Dhaltan		DL 14	1 1 1 1 1 1 1	92,605 58,761
	T. Al.	. } 1	Table	1	91,099
	A 31-	inner .	Aundh	(76,507

1. States and		2. Number of seats	3. States and	4. Number of Seats in the	5. Popula-
Groups of States	i A	in Council of State	Groups of States.	As- sembly.	tion.
the exactation		Divi	sion XIV.	deration	and the
1. Patiala		2	1. Patiala	2	1,625,520
2. Bahawalpur		2	2. Bhawalpur	ī	984,61
3. Khairpur		1	3. Khairpur	1	227,18
4. Kapurthala		1	4. Kapurthala	î	316,75
5. Jind		1	5. Jind	1	324,67
6. Nabha		1	6. Nabha	1	287,57
65,88 ATLENTI			7. Tehri-Garhwal	1	349,57
7. Mandi)	8. Mandi	1	207,46
Bilaspur		> 1	Bilaspur	> 1	100,99
Suket		136	Suket		58,40
8. Tehri-Garhwal		1 danger	Alles de meide	, Link	agrical 21 ch
Sirmur		> 1	9. Sirmur	1 .	148,56
Chamba		Jone 19	Chamba	} 1	146,87
9. Faridkot		diag.	10. Faridkot	1	164,36
Malerkotla		> 1	Malerkotla	> 1	83,07
Loharu	•••	J	Loharu	J	23,33
		Divi	sion XV.		
1. Cooch Behar		10.71	1. Cooch Behar	1	700.00
2. Tripura)	2. Tripura	.amoi piui C	590,88 382,45
Manipur		} 1	3. Manipur	n 18d	445,60
Indian Engoral	81		denger Council of theidner manner		
		Divi	SION XVI.		e caosen Chamba
1. Mayurbhanj)	1. Mayurbhanj	1	889,60
Sonepur		1	2. Sonepur	of Lions	237,92
2. Patna		1	3. Patna	î	566,92
Kalahandi		1	4. Kalahandi	1	513,71
3. Keonjhar		1	5. Keonjhar	1	460,60
Dhenkanal		DOM: OI	6. Gangpur	1	356,67
Nayagarh		> 1	7. Bastar	1	524,72
Talcher			8. Surguja	1	501,93
Nilgiri		H 1412 W	- 0	All the Sales of	7,00

States and Groups of States.	Number of seats in Council of State.	States and Groups of States.	4. Number of seats in the Federal As- sembly.	Population.
4. Gangpur Bamra Seraikela Baud Bonai 5. Bastar Surguja Raigarh Nandgaon 6. Khairagarh Jashpur Kanker Korea Sarangarh	} 1	9. Dhenkanal Nayagarh Seraikela Baud Talcher Bonai Nilgiri Bamra 10. Raigarh Khairagarh Jashpur Kanker Sarangarh Korea Nandgaon	3	284,326 142,406 143,525 135,248 69,702 80,186 68,594 151,047 277,569 157,400 193,698 136,101 128,967 90,886 182,380
States not mentioned in any of the pre- ceding Divisions, but described in paragraph 12 of this Part of this Schedule.	131302	States not mentioned in any of the preceding Divisions, but described in paragraph 12 of this Part of this Schedule.	5 miot	3,032,197

Total population of the States in this Table: 78,981,912

APPENDIX II

SECOND SCHEDULE

Provisions of this Act which may be Amended Without Affecting the Accession of a State

Part I, in so far it relates to the Commander-in-Chief.

Part II, chapter II, save with respect to the exercise by the Governor-General on behalf of His Majesty of the executive authority of the Federation, and the definition of the functions of the Governor-General: the executive authority of the Federation; the functions of the council of ministers, and the choosing and summoning of ministers and their tenure of office; the power of the Governor-General to decide whether he is entitled to act in his discretion of a covariate his individual judgment; the functions of the covariate his individual independent. to decide whether he is entitled to act in his discretion or exercise his individual judgment; the functions of the Governor-General with respect to external affairs and defence; the special responsibilities of the Governor-General relating to the peace or tranquillity of India, or any part thereof, the financial stability and credit of the Federal Government, the rights of Indian States and the rights and dignity of their Rulers, and the discharge of his functions by or under the Act in his discretion or in the exercise of his individual judgment; His Majesty's Instrument of Instructions to the His Majesty's Instrument of Instructions to the Governor-General; the superintendence of the Secretary of State; and the making of rules by the Governor-General in his discretion for the transaction of, and the securing of transmission to him of information with respect to, the business of the Federal Government.

Part II, chapter III, save with respect to the number of rt II, chapter III, save with respect to the number of the representatives of British India and of the Indian States in the Council of State and the Federal Assembly and the manner in which the representatives of the Indian States are to be chosen; the disqualifications for membership of a Chamber of the Federal Legislature in relation to the representatives of the States; the procedure for the introduction and passing of Bills; joint sittings of the two Chambers; the assent to Bills, or the withholding assent from Bills, by the Governor-General; the reservation of Bills for the signification of His Majesty's pleasure; the annual financial statement; the charging on the revenues of the Federation of the salaries, allowances and pensions payable to or in respect of judges of the Federal Court, of expenditure for the purpose of the discharge by the Governor-General of his functions with respect to external affairs, defence, and the administration of any territory in the direction and control of which he is required to act in his discretion and of the sums payable to His Majesty in respect of the expenses incurred in discharging the functions of the Crown in its relations with Indian States; the procedure with respect to estimates and demands for grants; supplementary financial statements; the making of rules by the Governor-General for regulating the procedure of, and the conduct of business in, the Legislature in relation to matters where he acts in his discretion or exercises his individual judgment, and for prohibiting the discussion of, or the asking of questions on, any matter connected with or the personal conduct of the Ruler or ruling family of any Indian State; the making of rules by the Governor-General as to the procedure with respect to joint sittings of, and communications between, the two chambers and the protection of judges of the Federal Court and State High Courts.

Part II, chapter IV, save with respect to the power of the Governor-General to promulgate ordinances in his discretion or in the exercise of his individual judgment, or to enact Governor-General's Acts.

Part III, chapter I. The whole chapter.

Part III, chapter II, save with respect to the special responsibilities of the Governor relating to the rights of Indian States and the rights and dignity of the Rulers thereof and to the execution of orders or directions of the Governor-General, and the superintendence of the Governor-General in relation to those responsibilities.

Part III, chapter III, save with respect to the making of rules by the Governor for prohibiting the discussion of, or the asking of questions on, any matter connected with or the personal conduct of the Ruler or ruling family of any Indian State, and the protection of judges of the Federal Court and State High Courts from discussion in the Legislature of their conduct.

Part III, chapter IV. The whole chapter.

Part III, chapter V. The whole chapter.

Part III, chapter VI. The whole chapter.

Part IV, The whole Part.

Part V, chapter I, save with respect to the power of the Federal Legislature to make laws for a State; the power of the Governor-General to empower either the Federal Legislature or Provincial Legislature to enact a law with respect to any matter not enumerated in any of the Lists in the Seventh Schedule to this Act; any power of a State to repeal a Federal law, and the effect of inconsistencies between a Federal law and a State law.

Part V, chapter II, save with respect to the previous sanction of the Governor-General to the introduction or moving of any Bill or amendment affecting matters as respects which the Governor-General is required to act in his discretion; the power of Parliament to legislate for British India or any part thereof, or the restrictions on the power of the Federal Legislature and of Provincial Legislatures to make laws on certain matters.

Part V. chapter III. The whole chapter.

Part VI, save in so far as the provisions of that Part relate to Indian States, or empower the Governor-General to issue orders to the Governor of a Province for preventing any grave menace to the peace or tranquillity of India or any part thereof.

Part VII, chapter I, in so far as it relates to Burma.

Part VII, chapter II, save with respect to loans and guarantees to Federated States and the appointment, removal and conditions of service of the Auditor-General.

Part VII, chapter III, save in so far as it affects suits against the Federation by a Federated State.

Part VIII, save with respect to the constitution and functions of the Federal Railway Authority; the conduct of business between the Authority and the Federal Government, and the Railway Tribunal and any matter with respect to which it has jurisdiction.

Part IX, chapter I, in so far as it relates to appeals to the Federal Court from High Courts in British India; the power of the Federal Legislature to confer further powers upon the Federal Court for the purpose of enabling it more effectively to exercise the powers conferred upon it by this Act.

Part IX, chapter II. The whole chapter.

Part X, save with respect to the eligibilty of Rulers and subjects of Federated States for civil Federal office. Part XI. The whole Part.

Part XII, save with respect to the saving for rights and obligations of the Crown in its relations with Indian States; the use of His Majesty's forces in connection with the discharge of the functions of the Crown in its said relations; the limitation in relation to Federated States of His Majesty's power to adapt and modify existing Indian laws; His Majesty's powers and jurisdiction in Federated States, and resolutions of the Federal Legislature or any Provincial Legislature recommending amendments of this Act or Orders in Council made thereunder; and save also the provisions relating to the interpretation of this Act so far as they apply to provisions of this Act which may not be amended without affecting the accession of a State.

Part XIII. The whole Part.

Part XIV. The whole Part.

First Schedule. The whole Schedule, except Part II thereof.

Third Schedule. The whole Schedule.

Fourth Schedule, save with respect to the oath or affirmation to be taken or made by the Ruler or subject of an Indian State.

Fifth Schedule. The whole Schedule. Sixth Schedule. The whole Schedule.

Seventh Schedule. Any entry in the Legislative Lists in so far as the matters to which it relates have not been accepted by the State in question as matters with respect to which the Federal Legislature may make laws for that State.

Eighth Schedule. The whole Schedule.

Ninth Schedule. The whole Schedule.

Tenth Schedule. The whole Schedule.

Eleventh Schedule. The whole Schedule.

Twelfth Schedule. The whole Schedule.

Thirteenth Schedule. The whole Schedule.

Fourteenth Schedule. The whole Schedule.

Fifteenth Schedule. The whole Schedule.

Sixteenth Schedule. The whole Schedule.

APPENDIX III

DRAFT INSTRUMENT OF ACCESSION RECEIVED FROM THE GOVERNMENT OF INDIA

Instrument of Accession of

(insert full name and title)

Whereas proposals for the establishment of a Federation of India comprising such Indian States as may accede thereto and the Provinces of British India constituted as autonomous Provinces have been discussed between representatives of His Majesty's Government, of the Parliament of the United Kingdom, of British India and of the Rulers of the Indian States.

And whereas those proposals contemplated that the Federation of India should be constituted by an Act of the Parliament of the United Kingdom and by the accession of Indian States.

And whereas provision for the constitution of a Federation of India has now been made in the Government of India Act, 1935, but it is by that Act provided that the Federation shall not be established until such date as His Majesty may by Proclamation declare and such declaration cannot be made until the requisite number of Indian States have acceded to the Federation.

And whereas the said Act cannot apply to any of my territories save by virtue of my consent and concurrence signified by my accession to the Federation.

Now therefore

I

(insert full name and title)

Ruler of (insert name of State.)

In the exercise of my sovereignty in and over my said State.

For the purpose of co-operating in furtherance of the the interests and welfare of India by uniting in a Federation under the Crown by the name of the Federation of India with the Provinces called Governors' Provinces and with the Provinces called Chief Commissioners' Provinces and with the Rulers of other Indian States.

Do hereby execute this my Instrument of Accession and

1. (1) I hereby declare that subject to His Majesty's acceptance of this Instrument, I accede to the Federation

of India as established under the Government of India Act, 1935 (hereinafter referred to as "The Act") with the intent that His Majesty the King, the Governor-General of India, the Federal Legislature, the Federal Court and any other Federal authority established for the purposes of the Federation shall, by virtue of this my Instrument of Accession, but subject always to the terms thereof, and for the purposes only of the Federation, exercise in relation to the State of (hereinafter referred to as "this State") such functions as may be vested in them by or under the Act.

- 2. I hereby assume the obligation of ensuring that due effect is given to the provisions of the Act within this State so far as they are applicable therein by virtue of this my Instrument of Accession.
- 3. All functions exercisable by any Federal authority in relation to this State by virtue of Clause 1 of this Instrument shall be exercised exclusively by a Federal authority except as, in so far as the same are exercisable by the Ruler of this State the same may be exercised by him.
- 4. I accept the matters specified in the First Schedule hereto as the matters with respect to which the Federal Legislature may make laws for this State, and in this Instrument and in the said First Schedule I specify the limitations to which the power of the Federal Legislature to make laws for this State, and the exercise of the executive authority of the Federation in this State, are respectively to be subject.

The Federal Legislature shall not have power to make laws for this State save with respect to the matters so specified and subject to the said limitations.

Where under the First Schedule hereto, the power of the Federal Legislature to make laws for this State is subject to a limitation the exercise of the executive authority of the Federation in this State shall be limited to the same extent, it being the intent that the said executive authority shall not be exercisable in this State with respect to any matter specified in the said First Schedule otherwise than within the limits within which the Federal Legislature may make laws for this State or otherwise than in accordance with and subject to the limitations specified in the said First Schedule.

5. All duties, taxes and excises levied by the Federation pursuant to any law applicable in this State shall be uniform throughout the Federation.

Nothing, however, in this clause shall prohibit the Federation from imposing such taxes or taking such measures with respect thereto as the Federation may deter-

mine with respect to a State which imposes duties, taxes or excises affecting commerce between the units of the Federation.

A. Whereas I am desirous that functions in relation to the administration in this State of laws of the Federal Legislature which apply therein shall be exercised by the Ruler of this State and his officers and the terms of an agreement in that behalf have been mutually agreed between me and the Governor-General of India and are set out in the Schedule hereto:

Now therefore I hereby declare that I accede to the Federation with the assurance that the said agreement will be executed and the said agreement when executed shall be deemed to form part of this Instrument and shall be construed and have effect accordingly.

- B. The provisions contained in Part VI of the Act with respect to intereference with Water Supplies, being Sections 130 to 133 thereof inclusive, are not to apply in relation to this State.
- 4. The particulars to enable due effect to be given to the provisions of Sections 147 and 149 of the Act are set forth in the Second Schedule hereto.
- 5. Reference in this Instrument to laws of the Federal Legislature include references to Ordinances promulgated. Acts enacted and laws made by the Governor-General of India under Sections 42 to 45 of the Act inclusive.
- 6. Nothing in this Instrument affects the continuance of my sovereignty in and over this State or, save provided by this Instrument or by any law of the Federal Legislature made in accordance with the terms thereof, the exercise of any of my powers, authority and rights in and over this State.
- 7. Nothing in this Instrument shall, be construed as authorising Parliament to legislate for or exercise jurisdiction over this State or its Ruler in any respect.

Provided that the accession of this State to the Federation shall not be affected by any amendment of the provisions of the Majesty or any Federal authority in relation to, this State and nothing in this Instrument shall be construed as authorising Parliament to legislate for or exercise jurisdiction over this State or its Ruler in any respect.

- 16. The Schedules hereto annexed shall form an integral part of this Instrument.
- 17. The Instrument shall be binding on me as from the date on which His Majesty signifies his acceptance thereof, provided that if the Federation of India is not

Accession of the Indian States

established before theday of, this Instrument shall, on that day, become null and void for all purposes whatsoever.

18. I hereby declare that I execute this Instrument for myself, my heirs and successors, and that accordingly any reference in this Instrument to me or to the Ruler of this State is to be construed as including a reference to my heirs and successors.

This Instrument of Accession (then follows the attestation to be drawn with all due formality appropriate to the declaration of a Ruler).

List of Safeguards which were proposed on behalf of the Chamber of Princes for incorporation in the Government of India Act

(A) ESSENTIAL SAFEGUARDS

- 1. The sovereignty and autonomy of the States shall be fully respected and guaranteed and there shall be no intereference direct or indirect with the internal affairs of the States.
- 2. No unfriendly act shall be permitted by one Federating unit against the other.
- 3. No direct tax or levy of any kind including income tax and corporation tax shall be imposed in the State by the Federal Government.

Federal sources of Revenue shall be strictly confined to those mutually agreed upon and no addition to this list will be permissible without the free consent of each State.

4. Federation shall be confined to subjects mutually agreed upon and no addition to these will be permissible without the free consent of each Federating State.

All residuary powers shall remain with the States.

- 5. No change in the constitution shall be permissible without the free consent of the parties concerned except in regard to minor details which may be agreed upon in less rigid manner to facilitate the day to day working of the constitution.
- 6. The Viceroy will have the power to disallow any Bill or veto any Act which may adversely affect the rights recognised by treaty or otherwise of any State or States. The Viceroy will also have power to disallow or arrest any executive Act of the Federation which may have similar tendencies.

- 7. The powers of the two Houses shall be co-ordinate and equal except that money bills may be introduced in the lower House.
- 8. The decisions of any matter referred to a joint session shall be by two-third majority of the two Houses sitting in a joint session.
- 9. The States must have at least 40% representation in the Upper House and 33-1/3 per cent. in the Lower House. The system and method by which their representatives will be chosen must be purely a State concern and no interference of any kind by Federation shall be permitted.
- 10. The States will enter Federation by means of Treaties made with the Crown for the purposes of Federation.
- 11. The position of States and British India as partners in Federation shall be that of equal partners; there shall be no question of any partner being directly or indirectly subordinate to the other.
- 12. There shall be a separate Instrument of Instructions to the Viceroy—as distinct from the Governor-General—and it shall be laid down in it that the Viceroy as the Representative of the King Emperor shall be responsible to ensure respect for the rights of the States as guaranteed to them by their Treaties, engagements and sanads which have been declared as "inviolate and inviolable" and are unalterable without the free consent of the contracting parties.
- 13. That India shall remain an integral part of the Empire.
- 14. Federal Court shall derive its authority from the Crown as well as from the Rulers of each Federating State.
- 15. The jurisdiction of the Federal Court over the Courts of the Indian States shall extend only to questions arising out of the Constitution, in issue before the State Courts. The procedure adopted by the State Courts operating as Federal Courts should be as follows:

The State Courts should refer for opinion to the Federal Court and the State Courts shall give their decisions on the points referred in accordance with the opinion of the Federal Court.

- 16. An appeal shall lie to the Privy Council in England from the decisions of the Federal Court on matters connected with the Constitution where Constituent Units are involved provided that a suitable formula can be devised which will preserve the sovereignty of the Federating States.
- 17. The fundamental rights shall find no place in the Federal Constitution and shall not be treated as a Federal

subject. They may subject to His Majesty's pleasure find expression in the King Emperor's proclamation as applying only to His British Indian Dominion.

(B) SAFEGUARDS OPEN TO NEGOTIATION

- 1. Through some suitable method of augmentation or otherwise it should be secured that the comparative influence of the States in the control of Federal matters is not prejudiced, if only a majority and not the entire body of States join Federation.
- 2. In the event of a Federating State refusing or otherwise failing to discharge its Federal obligations the enforcement upon that State of compliance with the terms of its Instrument of Accession shall be the function of the Viceroy. In the case of the States which have collectively joined the Federation, the good Offices of the Confederation, will be utilised in the first instance.
- 3. Provision will be made empowering the Governor-General in his discretion in any case in which he considers that a bill introduced or proposed for introduction or any clause thereof or any amendment to a Bill moved or proposed would affect the discharge of his "Special Responsibility" for safeguarding the rights of the States guaranteed to them by treaties or otherwise to direct that the bill, clause or amendment shall not be further proceeded with.
- 4. In matters not specifically delegated to the Federal Government the servants of the Federal Government in the execution of their duties within the territories of a State shall be subject to the internal sovereignty and laws of the State concerned.
- 5. The power to make legislation in Federal matters will be:
 - (a) Exclusive, being vested in the Government and being confined only to matters where the States units had not retained the work of administration.
 - (b) Concurrent, remaining with the Federal Government as well as with the legislature of the States units. In matters where the Federal Legislature has made no law the States may make their own legislation, but where the Federal Government has already passed any law the States may also pass laws adapted to their own local conditions provided there is no conflict;

Federal laws will prevail over State laws where there is a conflict.

In all remaining matters the States have the residuary power of legislation.

GENERAL LIMITATIONS

- (a) The Federal Legislature shall not levy or impose any tax or duty in or upon this State or provide for the payment of any contribution by this State which discriminates against this State.
- (b) No land or other property shall be acquired in this State on behalf of His Majesty for any Federal purposes, or on behalf of the Federal Railway Authority or any other authority of the Federation except with the consent of the Ruler of this State and upon such terms as may be mutually agreed upon.
- (c) The Federal agents, officers and representatives, while engaged in the exercise of their functions in this State shall be subject to, and observe the laws and regulations of this State, not inconsistent with the due exercise of their Federal functions.
- (d) The Legislative power of the Federal Legislation to make laws in and for this State shall not, except in item 44, 45, 46, 47 imply the power to impose any duty or tax.